MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE OF THE REPUBLIC OF KAZAKHSTAN S. SEIFULLIN KAZAKH AGROTECHICAL UNIVERSITY

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MPD Chairman of the Board of JSC Considered at the meeting of the University S Seifoljin Kazakh Agrotechnical Academic Council University APPROVED A.K. Kurishbayev Protocol No 13 2019 y. 05 a 30 n 05 2019 y.

Educational program

«Information systems and IT solutions by industry»

Code and classification of the field of education: **7M06 Information and communication technology** Code and classification of training areas: **7M061 Information and communication technology** Code in the International Standard Classification of Education: **0610** Classification: master Training period: 1,5; 1; 2 years Author's team:

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Educational program Educational program 7M06101 -«Information systems and IT solutions by industry» considered at the meeting of the Department «Information Systems» $N_{2}9$ of «11» May 2023 y.

Approved by the Faculty of the CSaPE council protocol №12 of «19» May 2023 y.

Passport of the educational program 7M06101 -«Information systems and IT solutions by industry» has been updated in the Unified platform of higher education from 01.08.2023 y.

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1 Passport of the educational program

1.1 The purpose of the educational program: the Formation of students' competencies that ensure their professional activities in the field of information and communication technology and the training of specialists in research, development, implementation and maintenance of information technologies and systems in various sectors of the economy and education.

Objectives of the educational program:

-creation of prerequisites for independent search and research activities of undergraduates in the framework of the experiment at all its stages;

- contribute to work with scientific and technical information, use domestic and foreign experience in professional activities, systematize and generalize the information received;

- the formation of students' knowledge about the principles of design and management of information systems for the effective organization of management processes of information resources and organization systems, as well as the skills of participation of undergraduates in solving real problems of economic sectors.

1.2 Learning outcomes

LO 1. Speak a foreign language to the extent necessary to obtain professional content information and to present their ideas and solutions to professional problems in oral and written forms, as well as use regulatory legal acts and draw up special documentation in professional activities; prepare scientific and technical reports, presentations, scientific publications based on the results of research.

LO 2. Analyze the problems that arise in science at the present stage of its development and use the methodological tools of philosophy for designing complex scientific research, as well as independently plan scientific research, experiments, approaches and methods of data processing, as well as design and implement complex research, including including interdisciplinary, based on a holistic systemic scientific outlook using knowledge in the field of history and philosophy of science.

LO 3. Use modern educational technologies in pedagogical activity, systemic scientific knowledge about the theory and technology of the processes of education and upbringing, independently conduct pedagogical research at the university, as well as professionally formulate and argue their own theoretical position in scientific activity and the educational process

LO 4. Analyze, design managerial activities and use psychological methods of management and self-management in professional activities, as well as use the basic methods of natural sciences in professional activities for theoretical and experimental research.

LO 5. To apply and configure hardware, technologies for building the server infrastructure of the enterprise, to design a complex of information systems and services for development, to describe solutions for the modernization and reorganization of the IT infrastructure of the enterprise, as well as to use the

regulatory framework in solving the tasks of ensuring information security and comprehensive protection of information at the enterprise and in the organization.

LO 6. Organize measures to regulate the quality of information systems in accordance with the established requirements, apply the data processing technology of the integrated quality management system of IP, as well as build conceptual models of information security of the object, formulate the main tasks for creating and ensuring the functioning of an integrated security system at the enterprise and in the organization; including the effective use of cryptographic primitives/protocols to solve applied computer security tasks.

LO 7. Choose IT solutions for business automation and integrate software with other systems to build an optimal IT infrastructure for an enterprise in various areas of the economy, as well as use the appropriate mathematical apparatus and tools for processing, analyzing and systematizing information on the research topic.

LO 8. Analyze the IT infrastructure of the enterprise, identify the information needs of users, analyze the methods and models for implementing and adapting information systems and participate in the reengineering of applied and information processes, as well as choose modern technologies, monitoring tools, solutions for automating business processes in digitalization enterprises of various directions, including the development of software solutions based on geosystems.

LO 9. Use methods and algorithms, API services for analyzing large amounts of data in practice, analytics and big data management tools in research, as well as demonstrate mastery of methodological tools of scientific ontology and theory of cognition in the development of modern science and technology, in creative processes in various fields of activity.

LO 10. Apply modern methods for developing technical, informational and algorithmic support for automation and control systems, including developing the architecture of software and hardware systems, as well as using the appropriate mathematical apparatus and tools for processing, analyzing and systematizing information on the research topic.

2 General characteristics of the educational program (relevance, features, competitive advantages, uniqueness, stakeholders, etc.).

The training of IT specialists who are proficient in modern methods, tools and technologies for the industrial development of software products for various purposes, capable of managing engineering activities and software system life cycle processes is an urgent task of postgraduate education at a university.

An important element that determines the features of the implementation of the educational program is a multi-level system for training qualified personnel in the direction of "Information and Communication Technologies".

The educational program is aimed at acquiring skills and abilities to develop new methods and tools for designing information systems based on modern technologies, to carry out author's support of the processes of design, implementation and maintenance of information systems and technologies, to develop and study theoretical and experimental models of objects of professional activity in the areas for the purpose of introducing information technologies; organize the interaction between the developer and customer teams, make management decisions in the face of various opinions for enterprises developing information systems and technologies, develop methods for solving non-standard problems and new methods for solving traditional problems using information technology.

The skills acquired by undergraduates in the development of information systems and technologies in various subject areas will help graduates navigate and adapt to dynamically changing trends in modern information flows in various areas of the economy.

The research work of the undergraduate is based on modern theoretical, methodological and technological achievements of science and practice, based on international best practices in the relevant field of knowledge.

A graduate can continue his studies in doctoral studies to obtain a Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) degree in Information and Communication Technologies.

3 Competence model (portrait) of a graduate

3.1 Areas of professional activity: research institutions; government bodies; schools; design organizations; industrial enterprises, including agribusiness and others.

The following areas of professional activity can be distinguished:

Scientific area:

- critical analysis of existing methods for the development of information systems and technologies;

- development of new models and methods for solving problems in various subject areas using information technology;

- analysis of scientific, applied (professional) information, presentation in the form of analytical reports.

Production:

- development of new information systems and technologies for solving modern production problems in various subject areas.

Business:

- development of new information systems and technologies to improve the efficiency of business processes in a modern organization;

- presentation of developed information systems and technologies in a professional business environment.

3.2 Types of professional activity

analytical activity:

- choice of methodology and tools for analyzing and improving the architecture of enterprises;

- analysis of the compliance of business processes and IT infrastructure with the strategies and goals of the enterprise;

organizational and managerial:

- managing the development of electronic regulations for the activities of enterprises and its IT infrastructure;

- development of recommendations for optimizing the costs of maintenance and development of the IT infrastructure;

design:

- project management for the creation and development of enterprise architecture;

research:

- research and development of methods for improving the IT infrastructure of the enterprise;

consulting:

- audit of the existing architecture of the enterprise, its compliance with the strategic goals of the enterprise, the consistency of the components of the architecture;

innovative and entrepreneurial:

- management of innovative and entrepreneurial activities in the field of ICT;

pedagogical:

- development of educational programs and teaching materials for management and IT disciplines.

3.3 General educational competencies

- the ability to communicate in oral and written forms in Russian and foreign languages to solve the problems of professional activity;

- the ability to lead a team in the field of their professional activity, tolerantly perceiving social, ethnic, confessional and cultural differences;

- the ability to explore modern problems and methods of applied informatics and scientific and technological development of ICT;

- the ability to explore the patterns of formation and development of the information society in a specific application area;

- the ability to apply new scientific principles and research methods in practice;

- the ability to professionally operate modern electronic equipment in accordance with the goals of the main educational program of the master's program.

3.4 Core competencies

Learning outcomes are determined on the basis of second-level descriptors and are expressed through competencies. Learning outcomes are formulated both at the level of the entire program and at the level of a module, a separate discipline. Second level descriptors suggest abilities:

1) demonstrate developing knowledge and understanding in the field of

study, based on advanced knowledge of this field, in the development and (or) application of ideas in the context of the study;

2) apply at a professional level their knowledge, understanding and abilities to solve problems in a new environment, in a broader interdisciplinary context;

3) to collect and interpret information for the formation of judgments, taking into account social, ethical and scientific considerations;

4) clearly and unambiguously communicate information, ideas, conclusions, problems and solutions, both to specialists and non-specialists;

5) learning skills necessary for independent continuation of further education in the field of study.

3.5 Professional competencies

research activities:

- research of applied and information processes, use and development of methods for formalization and algorithmization of information processes;

- analysis and generalization of the results of research work using modern achievements of science and technology;

organizational and managerial:

- organization and management of projects on informatization of enterprises;

- making decisions on the organization of the implementation of IS in enterprises;

analytical:

- analysis of information, information and applied processes;

- analysis and selection of architectures of software and hardware systems, methods for presenting data and knowledge;

design:

- definition of a strategy for using ICT to create IS in applied areas, consistent with the development strategy of the organization;

- modeling and design of applied and information processes based on modern technologies.

4 Base of professional practice

The educational program of the scientific and pedagogical magistracy includes two types of practices that are carried out in parallel with theoretical training or in a separate period:

1) pedagogical;

2) research

Pedagogical practice is carried out at the department in order to form practical skills in teaching and learning methods. At the same time, undergraduates are involved in conducting undergraduate classes in the profile disciplines of the EP.

Pedagogical practice is aimed at developing the skills of scientific and teaching activities among undergraduates.

The research practice of the undergraduate is carried out in order to familiarize with the latest theoretical, methodological and technological achievements of domestic and foreign science, modern methods of scientific research, processing and interpretation of experimental data at the place of the dissertation. Research practice is aimed at the analysis and research of various aspects of professional activity, tools and approaches to the implementation of tasks.

The educational program of the specialized master's program includes work practice.

Industrial practice is carried out in order to consolidate the theoretical knowledge gained in the learning process, to acquire practical skills, competencies and professional experience in the master's educational program being trained, as well as to master best practices.

The content of the research (industrial) practice is determined by the topic of the dissertation (project) research.

The basis for passing professional practices are public and private enterprises and organizations that develop, implement and use computer technology and software in various fields.

Undergraduates can undergo research (industrial) practice on the bases of practice of the Department of Information Systems:

No.	Name	Telephone	Mail	Site
1)	Astana IT, Astana, Saryarka Avenue, 31/2	+7 775 188 8007	info@astana- it.kz	http://astana-it.kz
2)	IT Holding Samgau; Astana, st.Imanbayeva, 5V	+7 717228 1815 +7 777003 3311	info@samgau. com	http://samgau.com
3)	Oyul Kazakhstan Association of IT Companies, Astana, KabanbayBatyr Avenue, 6/5	+7 717292 5552		http://itk.kz
4)	JSC "National Infocommunication Holding "Zerde", Astana, Almaty street, 1	+7 717257 0778		http://zerde.gov.kz
5)	Transtelecom JSC, Astana, Abay Avenue, 13	+7 717260 0029		http://ttc.kz
6)	Net.com LLP, Astana, KazhymukanMunaitpasov street, 22	+7 717 247 8177		http://netcom.kz
7)	Corporate Business Systems, Astana, Kabanbaybatyr avenue, 3	+7 727 262 2218		http://cbs.kz

8)	InesSoft LLP, Astana, Mukhtar Auezov street, 8	+7 717 272 8510		http://inessoft.kz
9)	Training center "Expert-A", Astana, BauyrzhanMomyshuly Avenue, 2/1	+7 771 909 4456 +7 717 262 5266	info@expert- a.kz	http://expert-a.kz
10)	LLP "Somnium Astana", Astana, st.Kunaev, 12/2,	+7 7172 68-98-14;		
11)	JSC "Astana Innovation"			
12)	JSC "Electronic Finance"			
13)	JSC "National Information Technologies" Astana, Astana, st.Orynbor, 8	+7 7172 74-10-70; +7 7172 74-10-81;		
14)	Republican association "Union of Farmes of Kazakhstan"	87019996661; 87172509928; IbraevSerik	ibrayev.sn@g mail.com	www.sfk.kz
15)	LLP "PLATONUS"	87055166919; 87172472525; AidarManas	ISPUSINOV @PLATONU S.KZ	PLATONUS.KZ
16)	Global Services International, MukhitovAzat	87077555273;	maz@gse.kz	
17)	Terra Point LLP	87015333406;	Aida_mullash eva@mail.ru	terrapoint.kz

5 The structure of the doctoral study program

1) The structure of the educational program of the master's program in the scientific and pedagogical direction

No	Name of quales of dissiplines and	General lab	orintensity		
n / n	Name of cycles of disciplines and	in acadamia hauna	in academic		
p / p	activities	In academic nours	credits		
1	2	3	four		
1.	Theoretical training	2640	88		
1.1	Cycle of basic disciplines (DB)	1050	35		
1)	University component (VC):	600	20		
	including:				
	History and philosophy of science				
	Foreign language (professional)				
	Pedagogy of higher education				
	Psychology of management				
	Teaching practice				
2)	Component of choice (CV)	450	15		
1.2	Cycle of major disciplines (PD)	1590	53		
1)	University component and (or)				
1)	elective component				
2)	Research practice				
2.	Research work of a master student	720	24		
	Research work of a master student,				
1)	including an internship and a	720	24		
	master's thesis				
3	Additional types of training (VET)				
four	Final certification (FA)	At least 240	At least 8		
1)	Registration and defense of a	240	8		
1)	master's thesis (OiZMD)	240	0		
	Total	At least 3600	At least 120		

2) The structure of the educational program of the master's program in the profile direction

		General laborintensity										
		with a ty	pical study	with a typ	oical study							
No.	Name of cycles of disciplines	period	of 1 year	period of	1.5 years							
p / p	and activities	inacadem	in academic	in	in							
		ichours	credits	academic	academic							
1				hours	credits							
1	2	3	4	5	6							
1.	Theoretical training	At least	At loost 20	1020	CA.							
	-	At loost	At least 39	1920	04							
1.1	Cycle of basic disciplines (DB)	300	At least 10	450	15							
1)	University component (VC)	180	6	180	6							
-)	including:	100		100	0							
	Foreign language											
	(professional)											
	Management											
	Psychology of management											
2)	Component of choice (CV)	At least 120	At least 4	270	9							
1.2	Cycle of major disciplines (PD)	At least 870	At least 29	1470	49							
1)	University component and (or) elective component											
2)	Internship											
2	Experimental research work of	At least										
	a master student (EIRM)	390	At least 13	540	18							
	Experimental research work of											
1)	a master student, including an											
-)	internship and a master's	At least			10							
	project	390	At least 13	540	18							
3	(VET)											
4	Final certification (FA)At least 240		At least 8	At least 240	At least 8							
1)	Registration and defense of the	At least	At least 8	At least	At least 8							
	master's project (OiZMP)	240		240								
	Total	At least 1800	At least 60	At least 2700	At least 90							

Academic calendar

		Approve ARUMAN
		Chairman of the Academic Council NJSC "Seifullin KATIUS " Tireuov K.M. « 29 » 25 205 2023 y.
	ACADE	MIC CALENDAR
	for 2023-	2024 academic year
	by le	vels of training
	(MASTER)
1	Presentation week,	1 course
	registration for disciplines	August 28 - 31
2	I semester	September 1 - December 15
3	Constitution day	August 30
4	Knowledge Day	September 1
5	Republic Day	October 25
6	Independence Day	December 16
7	Exam session	December 18 - 29
8	Passing FX	December 18 -29
9	New Year's Holiday	January 1, 2
10	Holidays	January 1-26
11	II semester	January 29 to May 10
12	International Women's Day	March 8
13	Holiday Nauryz	March 21,22,23
14	Holiday of unity of the people of Kazakhstan	May 1
15	Defender of the Fatherland Day	May 7
16	Victory Day	May 9
17	Exam session	from May 13 to May 24
18	Passing FX	May 13 - 31
19	Registration for the summer semester	May 27 - 31
20	Final examination	until June 30
21	Summer semester	from June 3 to July 12
22	Holidays	from May 27 to August 31
23	Capital Day	July 6
	Practice*	

Approved by the Academic Council of NJSC «S. Seifullin KATIU», protocol № 16, 29.05. 2023 y.

Note: If it coincides with a weekend or a holiday, the lesson begins on the next working day.

* Types and terms of professional practice are determined by the working Curriculum of Educational Programs.

Appendix to the Academic Calendar



Annex 2.

Working curriculum.

5 8 7	of Academic Council Member of the Board of the University Vice-Rector for Academic Affairs Protocol Ne UC RC "KATIU"																						
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9											2	0y.											
10						WORKING CURRIC	CULUM																
11						for 2023-2025 acader	nic year											1			-		
12						For the modular education program "Information s	ystems and	IT solu	tions by is	ndustry"								1					
13						by the speciality/group of educational programm	es M094-	- Informa	tion techn	ology								-			-	-	
14						Degree: Master's program by specialization (Sc	ientific & j	pedagog	ical direct	tion)													
15						Form of education: Full-time (Mis	2 years) a	semester									-		-		-	-	
16	¢	12	10.02	1 2		Entry year. 01-09-	2025	12 - 2	Control	in the seador	aio poriz	ad.	8		V	aluma of ha	ure		<u> </u>	Dicto	ibution	oforadi	tr nor
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20	No	No	SIC	Sic	oo du	Sut	Aca	Xa	Diff	est est	2W	ecter	ot	n-c	e	E	ab ab	of Ms	of Ms	45	academi 45	C nerior	45
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23	1	Socio-	BS	U	PVSH 5203	Pedagogics of higher school	3	1		JUNES	1	1	90.0	30.0	15	15	0	12	48	3.0	2 3	1	
	2	politica	BS	Ū	PU 5204	Psychology of management	5	1					150.0	45.0	15	30	0	20	85	5.0			
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31	8	12	49	î	AMPI 5302	Analysis and modeling of information systems	8	2	85 3	0	22 6		180.0	60.0	30	30	0	24	98	0.0	6.0	<u> </u>	
32	9	Theore	BS	Ĕ	KOIBP 5210	Comprehensive information security of the enterprise	-	2		8			450.0	45.0	15	30	0	20	85		5.0	1 2	
33	10	tical	BS	E	KMZI 5214	Cryptographic methods of information protection	0	2					150.0	45.0	15	30	0	20	85		5.0		
24	11	aspect	AS	E	MAOD 5311	Methods of data analysis and processing		2	3 3	8	32 3			45.0	15	30	0	20	85		10000	2 - 25	
35	12	s of IP	AS	E	IAOD 5317	Data analysis and processing tools	0	2	3	8	88 3		150.0	45.0	15	30	0	20	85		5.0	8	
36	13	uesign	BS	E	UKIS 6207	Quality Management of Information Systems		3	-		-			45.0	15	30	0	20	85		-		
37	14	12	BS	E	AIS 6215	Audit of information systems	0	3		1	10 1		150.0	45.0	15	30	0	20	85		S 1	5.0	
38	15		AS	0	IRDB 5309	IT solutions for business	6	2					180.0	60.0	30	30	0	24	96		6.0		
39	16	<u>i</u>	AS	U	VOM 6308	Introduction to Ontological modeling	5	3			15 7		150.0	45.0	15	30	0	20	85			5.0	
40	17	Desistia	BS	č	PIIP 6206	Design of enterprise IT infrastructure	5	3					150.0	45.0	15	30	0	20	85			5.0	
41	18	actic	BS	E	IM 6213	Information management	-	3	4	2		-	0.000.000000	45.0	15	30	0	20	85	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0000000	
42	19	aspect	t AS	S	CSP 6306	Digitization of an agricultural enterprise.	5	3	_				150.0	45.0	15	30	0	20	85			5.0	
43	20	s of IS	s AS	è	CTAK 6316	Digital technologies in the agro-industrial complex	-	3	3	8	38 - 3	1	Concerning of the second	45.0	15	30	0	20	85		8 - S	Contraction of the	
44	21	design	AS	Ē	OIP 6310	Enterprise cloud infrastructure	- 6	4	-		-	-	180.0	60.0	30	30	0	24	96	<u> </u>			6.0
45	22	3	AS	Ē	OTP 6319	Cloud technologies in practice	-	4	3	8	38 - S	-		60.0	30	30	0	24	96		<u>8</u> 3	6	
46	23	19	AS	2	1B 0314	BigData Technologies	- 6	3	-	2		-	180.0	00.0	30	30	0	24	30	<u> </u>		6.0	—
4/	24		AS	E	BP 0318	BigLiata in practice		Coior	tifically	ocoarob	1	1	-	00.0	30	- 30	0	24	30	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
49	25	Ine	R	6	NIKWAAMD	Master student's research work, including implementation of master	8	JUCIEI	introdity i	esearon	180	1	180.0	6 8	0	0	0	0	0	6.0	L I	1	
50	28	resear	K	3	UNITER VINC	Master student's research work, hiddbing implementation or master	8	1	1		180	1	180.0		0	0	0	0	0		6.0		
51	27	ch	R	C	UNA AWALLA	Master student's research work, "Incidung implementation or master:	4	ŝ	1	8	120		120.0	1 8	0	0	0	0	0		8 - 8	4.0	
52	28	work	R	C	NIRMVVMD	Master student's research work, including implementation of master'	8 8				240		240.0		0	0	0	0	0				8.0
53]	Total of	theore	etical	co	urse		112	15	0	0	1020	0	3360	735	285	450	0	312	1293	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0
54	AC	Additio	onal	cou	rses				33	8	32 3		8				0				8 3	s	
55	FA	Final a	attest	tatio	n		8	18	345		2		8			240.0					85 3	s (3)	
56		Master	's the	sis	defense		8	18	- 35		4					240			1		×	s - 61	
57		Total					120	8	3	-	1024		3600	735	285	450	0	312	1293		8	s(0)	
100000												•						-	-	-			-

Appendix 3. Achievability matrix of the formed learning outcomes in the educational program with the help of academic disciplines.

Ν	Name of the discipline	Brief description of the discipline	Numbe				Forme	d learn	ing out	omes			
0.	rame of the discipline	bior description of the discipline	r of	LO	LO	TO	LO	LO	LO	LO	LO	LΟ	L
			credits	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	ō
			Comra										10
			de										
<u> </u>		Cycle of basic disc	iplines Un	iversity	compo	onent		1	-				
1.		Introduction to the psychology of	5										
		nanagement. Conceptual apparatus of the											
		team Conflicts in the workplace											
		Managerial communication. Decision											
		making technology. The concept of the											
		subject and object of management. Leader											
		and leader. Psychology of the order.											
	Psychology of	Personality as a subject and object of											
	management	and its features. Psychology of criticism											
		Psycho types of subjects of											
		communication. Psychological persuasive											
		technique. Psychological problems of											
		selection of leading cadres. Psychological											
		problems of training and retraining of											
		managerial personnel. Selection and											
		Certification and staff turnover.											
2.		The structure and functions of scientific	5	×	×	×							
		knowledge, methods of science in their	-										
		professional activities; differences											
1	TT' / 1	between ideological, political, religious											
	History and	constructions from scientific concepts.											
	philosophy of science	analysis of philosophical and ideological											
		epistemological, logical and											
		methodological issues, the style of											
		scientific thinking											
3.		Fundamentals of pedagogy of high school.	3	Ŭ	v	v							
		Subject and tasks of pedagogy of higher school Methodology and methods of											
		nedagogical research in higher education											
		Didactics of higher school. Pedagogical											
		process in higher school. Laws and											
		principles of training. Methods, forms and											
	Pedagogics of higher	means of higher education. The current											
	school	state of higher education in the Republic											
		of a teacher of higher education. The											
		process of education in higher education.											
		The purpose of education as a pedagogical											
		problem. Teaching and educational team											
		as a form of functioning of a holistic											
4		pedagogical process.	5	v	~	v							
4.		purposes at an advanced level which will	5										
		allow to freely operate with the scientific											
1	Foreign language	and conceptual apparatus of the specialty,											
	(professional)	expand the scientific and information base,											
		master the skills of interpreting scientific											
		information, argumentation, persuasion,											
5		Cvcle of basic dis	ciplines Or	otional	compo	nent	I	I	L	I	I	L	L
6.		The study of the main mathematical	5					×	×	v			×
		approaches to solving computer security	-										
		problems and to the construction of											
		modern cryptographic algorithms, modern											
	Cruntographia	cloud solutions and computing. It											
	methods of	abilities of undergraduates the use of a											
	information protection	mathematical apparatus to derive the											
	r	properties of the methods being											
1		developed, to apply and independently											
		improve their knowledge in the field of											
		cryptography and information security. To											
1		acquaint undergraduates with modern	1		1	1	l I	1	1	1	1	1	

1					1							
		scientific research in the field of										
		cryptography and related applied areas, to										
		contribute to the formation of directions										
		for their own scientific research.										
7.		The history of the IP audit. Audit of	5				~	~	~	~		
		information systems: concept, goals,										
		objectives, standards, stages of audit. The										
		state of the IT audit market in Kazakhstan:										
		companies types of services IT										
		infrastructure: concept composition										
		security configuration management The										
		main types of IT audit: goals objectives										
		heriof description IT audit in propagation of										
		the severation for sertification second in the										
		the company for certification according to										
	Audit of information	international standards. Il audit before										
	systems	restructuring of 11 departments. 11 audit										
	5	before the implementation of the										
		information system. If audit before the										
		implementation of II infrastructure										
		configuration management systems.										
		Information security audit. The										
		methodology of the IP audit: audit										
		planning, stages, problems during the audit										
		and methods of their solution, the choice										
		of a source of funding. Characteristics of										
		IP audit standards. Conducting diagnostics										
		and optimization of IS.										
8.		In this discipline, undergraduates will be	5				v	v	~	v		
		presented with the requirements for										
		information systems for standards, rules										
		and norms approved by the authorized										
		bodies of the Republic of Kazakhstan. as										
		well as rules for the development of										
	Quality Management	technical specifications technical										
	of Information	specifications for the development of										
	Systems	information systems The tasks functions										
		structure data processing technology of an										
		integrated information system quality										
		management system as well as its										
		creation operation and development will										
		be considered										
0		Dringinlag and matheds of information	5				~	~	~	~		
9.		Principles and methods of information	5									
		management in the system of internal and										
		external communications of the										
		organization. Theoretical foundations and										
		skills of describing and regulating										
		information flows carried out within an										
	Information	organization, between an organization and										
	management	its near and far environment. The current										
		level of information technology										
		development, with various types of										
		information systems and information										
		resources. Fundamentals of information										
		description and modeling of business										
		processes of the organization.										
10.		The concept of building an enterprise	5				v	Ň	~	Ň		
		security system: definition and basic										
		concepts of a security system, information										
		protection in an enterprise security system,										
		conceptual models of the components of										
		an enterprise security system. Legal basis										
		for the activity of the enterprise security										
	Comprehensivo	service: organizational and functional										
	information according	documents of the enterprise security										
	of the enterprise	system, types of regulatory documents.										
	or the enterprise	Organizational design of the activity of the										
		enterprise security service. The structure										
		and functions of the enterprise security										
		service: building a structural diagram of										
		the enterprise security service										
		management. Organization										
		ofinformationsecurity service. Enterprise										
		security management.										
		Cycle of major disc	ciplines Un	iversit	y comp	onent						
11.		n this discipline, materials will be	5					~	×	~	×	
	Design of enterprise	presented on hardware, software, network	-									
	IT infrastructure	solutions, hosting and Internet providers										
1		methods and algorithms for organizing an										

		enterprise's IT infrastructure. Designing a										
		complex of interconnected information										
		systems and services ensuring the										
		operation and development of the										
		and tools for managing the enterprise's IT										
		infrastructure; implementation of projects										
		for the development of information										
		systems in various fields, optimization of										
		the functioning of business processes.										
12.		In this discipline, undergraduates will be	6				v		v	Ť	ř	
		presented with materials on the analysis,										
		modeling and design of information										
	Analysis modeling	designed so that students independently										
	and IC design	visit an enterprise or university or an										
	und to dosign	object of interest and make an analysis of										
		work processes, develop a model based on										
		the analysis and design an information										
		system.										
13.		In this discipline, undergraduates will be	6					~	v	ř		~
		presented with an overview of business										
		automation solutions: accounting, HR,										
		sales, inventory control, production sites,										
		processes that are often found in business										
	IT solutions for	And also the requirements for the IT										
	business	platform for the solution will be										
		considered. Building an optimal IT										
		infrastructure of the enterprise based on										
		the business strategy of the enterprise.										
		Practical tasks to strengthen the										
14		Knowledge gained	6	v	v					├ ───┦	v	~
14.		to determine promising areas of research	0									
		in the subject area of professional activity										
	771 .1 1 1 1	the composition of research papers,										
	The methodology and methods of scientific	determining their factors; to use										
	experiments	experimental and theoretical research										
	experiments	methods in professional activities; to adapt										
	experiments	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and										
	experiments	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and salf advantianal process.										
		methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process.	scinlines O	ntional	compo	nent						
15.		methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological	sciplines O	ptional	compo	nent			~ ~			
15.		methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction	sciplines O	ptional	compo	nent				· ·	, v	
15.		methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of	sciplines O	ptional	compo	nent				, ř	~	
15.		methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and	sciplines O	ptional	compo	nent			~	~	×	
15.		methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological	sciplines O	ptional	compo	nent					, v	
15.		methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models.	sciplines O	ptional	compo	nent		 	~	~	×	
15.		methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDES and OWL Simple	sciplines O	ptional	compo	nent			~	Ţ,	×	
15.		methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes.	sciplines O	ptional	<u>compo</u>	nent			~	×	· ·	
15.	Introduction to	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological	sciplines O 5	ptional	<u>compo</u>	nent			~	×	v	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems.	sciplines O	ptional	<u>compo</u>	nent			~		·	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines	sciplines O	ptional	compo	nent		 			·	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application	sciplines O 5	ptional	compo	nent					· ·	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic	sciplines O	ptional	compo	nent					~	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Modeling, of	sciplines O	ptional	compo	nent					~	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Modeling of complex systems. Grouping methods in	sciplines O	ptional	compo	nent					·	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Modeling of complex systems. Grouping methods in ontological modeling. Applications of	sciplines O	ptional	compo	nent					· ·	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Modeling of complex systems. Grouping methods in ontological modeling. Applications of ontological models in scientific research.	sciplines O 5	ptional	compo	nent			~	×	· ·	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Modeling of complex systems. Grouping methods in ontological models in scientific research. Introduction to the discipline. Goals and	sciplines O 5	ptional	čompo	nent			~	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Modeling of complex systems. Grouping methods in ontological modeling. Applications of ontological models in scientific research. Introduction to the discipline. Goals and objectives of digitalization (historical	sciplines O 5 5	ptional	čompo	nent				~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Modeling of complex systems. Grouping methods in ontological modeling. Applications of ontological models in scientific research. Introduction to the discipline. Goals and objectives of digitalization (historical aspect of the development of digital	sciplines O 5 5	ptional	čompo	nent		 	~	~ ~	· · ·	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Modeling of complex systems. Grouping methods in ontological modeling. Applications of ontological models in scientific research. Introduction to the discipline. Goals and objectives of digitalization (historical aspect of the development of digital technologies). The use of digital technologies). The use of digital technologies).	sciplines O 5 5	ptional	čompo	nent		 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	~ ~	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Applications of ontological modeling. Applications of ontological models in scientific research. Introduction to the discipline. Goals and objectives of digitalization (historical aspect of the development of digital technologies). The use of digital technologies in various sectors of the agro- industrial complex: from GIS to the	sciplines O 5 5	ptional	čompo	nent		 	~	~ ~	· · ·	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Applications of ontological modeling. Applications of ontological models in scientific research. Introduction to the discipline. Goals and objectives of digitalization (historical aspect of the development of digital technologies). The use of digital technologies in various sectors of the agro- industrial complex: from GIS to the Internet of things.Information support for	sciplines O 5 5	ptional	čompo	nent		 	~ ~	· ·	~	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling Digital technologies in the agro-industrial	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Applications of ontological modeling. Applications of ontological models in scientific research. Introduction to the discipline. Goals and objectives of digitalization (historical aspect of the development of digital technologies). The use of digital technologies in various sectors of the agro- industrial complex: from GIS to the Internet of things.Information support for decision making. Planning of	sciplines O 5 5	ptional	čompo	nent		 	· ·	· ·	~	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling Digital technologies in the agro-industrial complex	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Applications of ontological models in scientific research. Introduction to the discipline. Goals and objectives of digitalization (historical aspect of the development of digital technologies). The use of digital technologies in various sectors of the agro- industrial complex: from GIS to the Internet of things.Information support for decision making. Planning of agrotechnical operations. Classification of	sciplines O	ptional	čompo	nent		 		~ ~	~	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling Digital technologies in the agro-industrial complex	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Applications of ontological models in scientific research. Introduction to the discipline. Goals and objectives of digitalization (historical aspect of the development of digital technologies in various sectors of the agro- industrial complex: from GIS to the Internet of things.Information support for decision making. Planning of agrotechnical operations. Classification of information and digital technologies.	sciplines O	ptional	čompo	nent		 		~ ~	~	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling Digital technologies in the agro-industrial complex	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Applications of ontological models in scientific research. Introduction to the discipline. Goals and objectives of digitalization (historical aspect of the development of digital technologies in various sectors of the agro- industrial complex: from GIS to the Internet of things.Information support for decision making. Planning of agrotechnical operations. Classification of information and digital technologies.	sciplines O	ptional	čompo	nent		 		· ·	×	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling Digital technologies in the agro-industrial complex	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Applications of ontological models in scientific research. Introduction to the discipline. Goals and objectives of digitalization (historical aspect of the development of digital technologies in various sectors of the agro- industrial complex: from GIS to the Internet of things.Information support for decision making. Planning of agrotechnical operations. Classification of information and digital technologies. Methodological and theoretical foundations of modeling and design.	sciplines O 5 5	ptional	čompo	nent		 		×	×	
15.	Introduction to ontological modeling Digital technologies in the agro-industrial complex	methods in professional activities; to adapt modern achievements of science and science-intensive technologies to the educational and self-educational process. Cycle of major di Computer and mental tasks. Ontological modeling: goals and means. Introduction to ontological modeling. Principles of construction of conceptual and information models. Technological implementation of semantic models. Computer technologies for semantic modeling. RDF, RDFS and OWL. Simple ontological models: creating classes. Technologies for the use of ontological models in information systems. Ontological model as a graph. Machines and rules of inference. Application software for working with semantic models. Methodological issues of ontological modeling. Applications of ontological modeling. Applications of ontological models in scientific research. Introduction to the discipline. Goals and objectives of digitalization (historical aspect of the development of digital technologies). The use of digital technologies in various sectors of the agro- industrial complex: from GIS to the Internet of things.Information support for decision making. Planning of agrotechnical operations. Classification of information and digital technologies. Methodological and theoretical foundations of modeling and design. Model for optimizing the structure of agricultural land Forecasting crop vields	sciplines O 5 5	ptional	čompo	nent		 ~	~ ~	· ·	×	

		the introduction of digitalization in the									
		branches of the agro-industrial complex.									
17.		In this discipline, undergraduates will be	5			·	,	·	·		
		tools and technologies for digitization of									
		agricultural sectors in areas such as									
		Agronomy and agricultural engineering:									
		Animal husbandry; Veterinary medicine,									
		where software solutions on the market,									
		main business processes with the									
	Digitization of an	principles of digitalization will be									
	agricultural enterprise.	considered.									
18		In this discipline undergraduates will be	6		 	v	×	v		v	
10.		presented with materials on the practical	0								
	Cloud technologies in	application of cloud technologies, the									
	practice	study of services and providers of cloud									
		platforms. Practical tasks will strengthen									
		skills in the application of cloud solutions			 						
19.		Data analysis as a systematic scientific and	5							Ĵ	
		practical activity. Introduction to data									
		underlying data analysis Areas of									
		application of modern technologies of data									
		analysis and processing. Stages of data									
		analysis. Structured and unstructured data.									
		Collection and preparation of data. Big									
	Methods of data	data. Organization of collection and									
	analysis and	storage of large data sets. Recovery of									
	processing	Organization of collection and storage of									
		large data sets. Cleansing, integrating and									
		transforming data. Program modules and									
		packages for working with									
		multidimensional data arrays. Data									
		visualization. Theory of Probability and									
		Mathematical Statistics. Machine learning									
20		Fundamentals of working with data	5		 	×		×		~	~
20.		Theoretical and methodological	5								
		foundations for working with data.									
		Methods for working with data.									
		Development of an empirical research									
		program. Statistics using language.									
		Programming in R. Descriptive statistics									
		model in R Network analysis using									
		PAJEK Building a network using PAJEK									
		software. Using classifications to organize									
	Data analysis and	data. Calculations of vertex centralities									
	processing tools	and network centralization. Collection of									
	processing tools	text data. Types of data generated by									
		users, approaches to obtaining and									
		API Collecting data without using an API									
		Website scraping software. Features of									
		working with "big data". Specific tools for									
		IAS and BI. Data source analysis.									
		Designing Data Marts for Analytical									
		Solutions in Columnar DBMS.									
		Compilation of SQL queries to the data									
		visualization									
21		Digital transformation of the enterprise	6			×	×	×		~	
		services of cloud providers, a set of	Ŭ								
		hardware (hardware) and software									
	Enterprise Cloud	(software) components to support the									
	Infrastructure	provider's cloud services, cloud services,									
		access to and management of hardware									
		infrastructure. Types of cloud									
		infrastructures: public clouds, dedicated									

		private cloud (VPC), private clouds, hybrid clouds, benefits of cloud infrastructure, main physical components of cloud infrastructure: servers, storage and network equipment, cloud infrastructure models. virtualization platforms.							
22.	BigData in practice	In this discipline, undergraduates are offered a brief overview of The bigdata concept, tools available on the market of software solutions, as well as materials about their use on raw data. API services, examples of their use. Data collection and processing, understanding the work in Hadoop and Map Reduce programs, determining the big data characteristics necessary for improvement, working with cloud platforms. Tools, methods and techniques for processing large amounts of data.	6				v	v	Ŷ
23.	BigData Technologies	Definition of big data. Big data storage technologies. The process of analyzing big data. Big data analysis technologies. Scientific problems in the field of big data. Methods and techniques of analysis applicable to big data: methods of the Data Mining class: learning associative rules, cluster analysis, regression analysis; crowdsourcing, mixing and integration of data, machine learning, including teaching with and without a teacher, as well as Ensemble learning, artificial neural networks, network analysis, optimization, including genetic algorithms; pattern recognition; Forecasting methods. Statistical information processing programs.	6					Ţ	v